



# CR1000

measurement & control datalogger



A rugged  
instrument with  
research-grade  
performance.

# CR1000 Measurement and Control System

The CR1000 provides precision measurement capabilities in a rugged, battery-operated package. It consists of a measurement and control module and a wiring panel. Standard operating range is -25° to +50°C; an optional extended range of -55° to +85°C is available.

**Input/Output Connections—** Individually configured for ratiometric resistive bridge, thermocouple, switch closure, high frequency pulse, low-level ac, serial sensors, and more.

**Removable Power Terminal—** simplifies connection to external power supply.

**CS I/O Port—** connects to data transfer and storage peripherals such as phone, RF, short-haul, and multi-drop modems.

**Computer RS-232—** provides a 9-pin electrically isolated DCE port.

**Peripheral Port—** one 40-pin port interfaces with a CFM100 or NL115 module, which store data on a CompactFlash card. The NL115 also supports Ethernet communications.



## Features

- 4 Mbyte memory\*
- Program execution rate of up to 100 Hz
- CS I/O and RS-232 serial ports
- 13-bit analog to digital conversions
- 16-bit H8S Renesas Microcontroller with 32-bit internal CPU architecture
- Temperature compensated real-time clock
- Background system calibration for accurate measurements over time and temperature changes
- Single DAC used for excitation and measurements to give ratio metric measurements
- Gas Discharge Tube (GDT) protected inputs
- Data values stored in tables with a time stamp and record number
- Battery-backed SRAM memory and clock ensuring data, programs, and accurate time are maintained while the CR1000 is disconnected from its main power source
- Measures intelligent serial sensors without using an SDM-SIO4

## Storage Capacity\*

The CR1000 has 2 Mbyte of FLASH memory for the Operating System, and 4 Mbytes of battery-backed SRAM for CPU usage, program storage, and data storage. Data is stored in a table format. The storage capacity of the CR1000 can be increased by using a CompactFlash® card.

## Wiring Panel

The CR1000WP is a black, anodized aluminum wiring panel that is compatible with all CR1000 modules. The wiring panel includes switchable 12 V, redistributed analog grounds (dispersed among analog channels rather than grouped), unpluggable terminal block for 12 V connections, gas-tube spark gaps, and 12 V supply on pin 8 to power our COM-series phone modems and other peripherals. The control module easily disconnects from the wiring panel allowing field replacement without rewiring the sensors. A description of the wiring panel's input/output channels follows.

## Analog Inputs

Eight differential (16 single-ended) channels measure voltage levels. Resolution on the most sensitive range is 0.67  $\mu$ V.

\*Originally, the standard CR1000 had 2 Mbytes of data/program storage, and an optional version, the CR1000-4M, had 4 Mbytes of memory. In September 2007, the standard CR1000 started having 4 Mbytes of memory, making the CR1000-4M obsolete. Dataloggers that have a module with a serial number greater than or equal to 11832 will have a 4 Mbyte memory. The 4 Mbyte dataloggers will also have a sticker on the canister stating "4M Memory".

## Pulse Counters

Two pulse channels can count pulses from high level (5 V square wave), switch closure, or low level ac signals.

## Switched Voltage Excitations

Three outputs provide precision excitation voltages for resistive bridge measurements.

## Digital I/O Ports

Eight ports are provided for frequency measurements, digital control, and triggering. Three of these ports can also be used to measure SDM devices. The I/O ports can be paired as transmit and receive for measuring smart serial sensors.

## RS-232 Port

A PC or laptop can be connected to this 9-pin port via an RS-232 cable.

## CS I/O Port

Data transfer peripherals that require power from the datalogger can be connected to this port via an SC12 cable. This port is also used for connecting the datalogger to a PC via an SC32B or SC-USB interface when optical isolation is required.

## Peripheral Port

One 40-pin port interfaces with the CFM100 CompactFlash® Module or the NL115 Ethernet Interface and CompactFlash Module.

## Switched 12 Volt

This terminal provides unregulated 12 V that can be switched on and off under program control.

## Measurement and Control Module

The module measures sensors, drives direct communications and telecommunications, reduces data, controls external devices, and stores data and programs in on-board, non-volatile storage. The electronics are RF shielded and glitch protected by the sealed, stainless steel canister. A battery-backed clock assures accurate timekeeping. The module can simultaneously provide measurement and communication functions. The on-board, BASIC-like programming language supports data processing and analysis routines.

## Communication Protocols

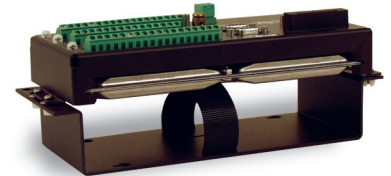
The CR1000 supports the PAKBUS® communication protocol. PAKBUS networks have the distributed routing intelligence to continually evaluate links. Continually evaluating links optimizes delivery times and, in the case of delivery failure, allows automatic switch over to a configured backup route.

The CR1000 also supports Modbus RTU protocol—both floating point and long formats. The datalogger can act as a slave, master, or both.

## Enclosure/Stack Bracket

A CR1000 housed in a weather-resistant enclosure can collect data under extremely harsh conditions. The enclosure protects the CR1000 from dust, water, sunlight, or pollutants. An internal mounting plate is pre-punched for easy system configuration and exchange of equipment in the field.

The 17565 Stack Bracket allows a small peripheral to be placed under the mounting bracket, thus conserving space. With the bracket, the CR1000 can be attached in a “horizontal” orientation (i.e., the long axis of the CR1000 spanning the short axis of the ENC10/12 enclosure). This stack bracket also places the terminals on the wiring panel at about the same height as the terminals on a PS100.

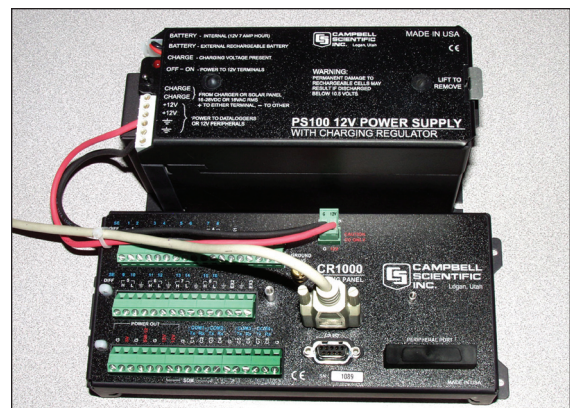


*The stack bracket as viewed from the side with a CR1000 attached.*

## Power Supplies

Any 12 Vdc source can power the CR1000; a PS100 or BPALK is typically used. The PS100 provides a 7 Ahr rechargeable battery that should be connected to a charging source (either a wall charger or solar panel). The BPALK consists of eight non-rechargeable D-cell alkaline batteries with a 7.5 Ahr rating at 20°C. An external AA-cell battery pack supplies power while the D-cells are replaced.

Also available are the BP12 and BP24 battery packs, which provide nominal ratings of 12 and 24 Ahrs, respectively. These batteries should be connected to a regulated charging source (e.g., a CH100 connected to a unregulated solar panel or wall charger). For information about analyzing the system’s power requirements, see our Power Supply product literature or Application Note 5-F. Both can be obtained from: [www.campbellsci.com](http://www.campbellsci.com)



*Its low-power design allows the CR1000 to operate for up to one year on the PS100 power supply, depending on scan rate, number of sensors, data retrieval method, and external temperature.*



## Data Storage and Retrieval Options

To determine the best option for an application, consider the accessibility of the site, availability of services (e.g., cellular phone or satellite coverage), quantity of data to collect, and desired time between data-collection sessions. Some communication options can be combined—increasing the flexibility, convenience, and reliability of the communications.

### Radios

Radio frequency (RF) communications are supported via narrow-band UHF, narrow-band VHF, spread spectrum, or meteor burst radios. Line-of-sight is required for all of our RF options.

*Meteorological conditions measured at Lake Louise, Alberta, Canada are telemetered via phone-to-RF link to a base station.*



### Telephone Networks

The CR1000 can communicate with a PC using landlines, cellular CDMA, or cellular GPRS/EDGE transceivers. A voice synthesized modem enables anyone to call the CR1000 via phone and receive a verbal report of real-time site conditions.

### Satellite Transmitters

Our NESDIS-certified GOES satellite transmitter provides one-way communications from a Data Collection Platform (DCP) to a receiving station. The transmitter complies with the High Data Rate (HDR) specifications. We also offer an Argos transmitter that is ideal for high-altitude and polar applications and a METEOSAT transmitter for European applications.



*This station for the National Estuarine Research Reserve (NERR) in Virginia transmits data via our GOES satellite transmitter.*

### Multidrop Interface

The MD485 intelligent RS-485 interface permits a PC to address and communicate with one or more dataloggers over a single two-twisted-pair cable. Distances up to 4000 feet are supported.

### Short Haul Modems

The SRM-5A RAD Short Haul Modem supports communications between the CR1000 and a PC via a four-wire unconditioned line (two twisted pairs).

### Direct Links

A desktop or laptop PC connects directly to the CR1000's RS-232 port. If optical isolation is required, the PC is connected to the datalogger's CS I/O port via an SC32B or SC-USB interface.

### PDAs

Customers can set the CR1000's clock, monitor real-time data, retrieve data, graph data, and transfer CR1000 programs via a PDA. PDAs with a Palm™ OS require PConnect software (purchased separately); PDAs with a Windows® Pocket PC/Windows Mobile OS require PConnectCE software (purchased separately).

### Keyboard Display

The CR1000KD can be used to program the CR1000, manually initiate data transfer, and display data. The CR1000KD displays 8 lines x 21 characters (64 x 128 pixels) and has a 16-character keyboard. Custom menus are supported allowing customers to set up choices within the datalogger program that can be initiated by a simple "toggle" or "pick list".



*One CR1000KD can be carried from station to station in a CR1000 network.*

### Ethernet

Use of an NL100 or NL115 interface enables the CR1000 to communicate over a local network or a dedicated Internet connection via TCP/IP. The NL115 also supports data storage on a CompactFlash card.

### CompactFlash®

A CFM100 or NL115 module attached to a CR1000 can store data on a CompactFlash card. The PC reads the CompactFlash card using either the CF1 CompactFlash Adapter or an ImageMate® Reader/Writer. Please note that the CompactFlash card should be industrial-grade with a storage capacity of 2 Gbytes or less.

### CD295 DataView II Display

This two-line, 32-character LCD displays one real-time value, a description, and units. It is typically mounted in an enclosure lid, which allows customers to view the CR1000's data on-site without opening the enclosure.

## Channel Expansion

### 4-Channel Low Level AC Module

The LLAC4 is a small peripheral device that allows customers to increase the number of available low-level ac inputs by using control ports. This module is often used to measure up to four anemometers, and is especially useful for wind profiling applications.



*The LLAC4 mounts directly to the backplate of our environmental enclosures.*

### Synchronous Devices for Measurement (SDMs)

SDMs are addressable peripherals that expand the CR1000's measurement and control capabilities. For example, SDMs are available to add control ports, analog outputs, pulse count channels, interval timers, or even a CANbus interface to the system. Multiple SDMs, in any combination, can be connected to one CR1000 datalogger.

### Multiplexers

Multiplexers increase the number of sensors that can be measured by a CR1000 by sequentially connecting each sensor to the datalogger. Several multiplexers can be controlled by a single CR1000. The CR1000 is compatible with the AM16/32B and AM25T.

## Software

### Starter Software

Campbell Scientific offers easy-to-use starter software intended for first time users or applications that don't require sophisticated communications or datalogger program editing. These software products provide different functions and can be used in conjunction with each other. Starter software can be downloaded at no charge from [www.campbellsci.com/downloads](http://www.campbellsci.com/downloads). Our Resource CD also provides this software as well as PDF versions of our literature and manuals.

Our SCWin Short Cut for Windows® generates straightforward CR1000 programs in four easy steps. Short Cut supports programming for our multiplexers and virtually any sensor that our CR1000 can measure.

Our PC200W Starter Software allows customers to transfer a program to, or retrieve data from, a CR1000 via a direct communications link.

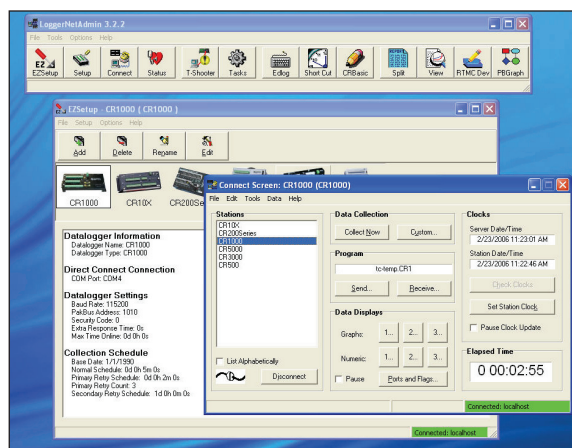
### Datalogger Support Software

Our general purpose datalogger support software packages provide more capabilities than our starter software. Each of these software packages contains program editing, communications, and display tools that can support an entire datalogger network.

PC400, our mid-level software, supports a variety of telemetry options, manual data collection, and data display. For programming, it includes both Short Cut and the CRBasic program editor. PC400 does not support combined communication options (e.g., phone-to-RF), PAKBUS® routing, or scheduled data collection; LoggerNet software is recommended for those applications.

Campbell Scientific offers the following LoggerNet Software Packages:

- **LoggerNet**, the standard package, is recommended for those who have datalogger networks that do not require the more advanced features offered in LoggerNet Admin. It consists of a server application and several client applications integrated into a single product. This software provides all of PC400's capabilities as well as support for combined communication options (e.g., phone-to-RF), PAKBUS® routing, and scheduled data collection
- **LoggerNet Admin** is intended for customers who have large networks. Besides providing better tools for managing large networks, LoggerNet Admin allows customers to remotely manage a datalogger network over TCP/IP, and to remotely and automatically distribute data to other computers.
- **LoggerNetRemote** includes LoggerNet Admin clients to administer a running LoggerNet Admin server via TCP/IP from a remote PC. This software does not include the LoggerNet server.
- **LNLinux** includes a Linux version of the LoggerNet server and a copy of LoggerNet Remote.



*LoggerNet provides a way to accomplish almost all the tasks customers need to complete using a datalogger.*



## Applications

*The measurement precision, flexibility, long-term reliability, and economical price of the CR1000 make it ideal for scientific, commercial, and industrial applications.*

### Meteorology

The CR1000 is used in long-term climatological monitoring, meteorological research, and routine weather measurement applications.



*Our rugged, reliable weather station measures meteorological conditions at St. Mary's Lake, Glacier National Park, MT.*

Sensors the CR1000 can measure include:

- cup, propeller, and sonic anemometers
- tipping bucket rain gages
- wind vanes
- pyranometers
- ultrasonic ranging sensor
- thermistors, RTDs, and thermocouples
- barometric pressure sensors
- RH sensors
- cooled mirror hygrometers

Data is output in a choice of units (e.g., wind speed in miles per hour, meters per second, or knots). Standard CR1000 outputs include wind vector averaging, sigma, theta, histograms, saturation vapor pressure, and vapor pressure from wet/dry bulb temperatures.

### Agriculture and Agricultural Research

The versatility of the CR1000 allows measurement of agricultural processes and equipment in applications such as:

- plant water research
- canopy energy balance
- machinery performance
- plant pathology
- crop management decisions
- food processing/storage
- frost prediction
- irrigation scheduling
- integrated pest management



*This vitaculture site in Australia integrates meteorological, soil, and crop measurements.*

### Wind Profiling

Our data acquisition systems can monitor conditions at wind assessment sites, at producing wind farms, and along transmission lines. The reliability of these systems ensures data collection, even under adverse conditions. Wide operating temperature ranges and weather-proof enclosures allow our systems to operate reliably in harsh environments.

The CR1000 makes and records measurements, controls electrical devices, and can function as PLCs or RTUs. Because the datalogger has its own power supply (batteries, solar panels), it can continue to measure and store data and perform control during power outages.

Typical sensors for wind assessment applications include, but are not limited to:

- sonic anemometers
- three-cup and propeller anemometers (up to 10 anemometers can be measured by using two LLAC4 peripherals)
- wind vanes
- temperature sensors (air, water, and equipment)
- barometric pressure
- wetness
- solar radiation



*Photo courtesy npower renewables*

*A Campbell Scientific system monitors an offshore wind farm in North Wales.*

For turbine performance applications, the CR1000 can monitor electrical current, voltage, wattage, stress, and torque.

### Soil Moisture

The CR1000 is compatible with the following soil moisture measurement technologies:

- **Soil moisture blocks** are inexpensive sensors that estimate soil water potential.
- **Matric water potential sensors** also estimate soil water potential but are more durable than soil moisture blocks.
- **Time-Domain Reflectometry Systems (TDR)** use a reflectometer controlled by a CR1000 to accurately measure soil water content. Multiplexers allow sequential measurement of a large number of probes by one reflectometer, reducing cost per measurement.
- **Self-contained water content reflectometers** are sensors that emit and measure a TDR pulse.
- **Tensiometers** measure the soil pore pressure of irrigated soils and calculate soil moisture.

## Air Quality

The CR1000 can monitor and control gas analyzers, particle samplers, and visibility sensors. It can also automatically control calibration sequences and compute conditional averages that exclude invalid data (e.g., data recorded during power failures or calibration intervals).

## Road Weather/RWIS

Our fully NTCIP-compliant Environmental Sensor Stations (ESS) are robust, reliable weather stations used for road weather/RWIS applications. A typical ESS includes a tower, CR1000, two road sensors, remote communication hardware, and sensors that measure wind speed and direction, air temperature, humidity, barometric pressure, solar radiation, and precipitation. The CR1000 can also measure soil moisture and temperature sensors, monitor bridge vibrations, and control external devices.

## Water Resources/Aquaculture

Our CR1000 is well-suited to remote, unattended monitoring of hydrologic conditions. Most hydrologic sensors, including SDI-12 probes, interface directly to the CR1000. Typical hydrologic measurements:

- **Water level** is monitored with incremental shaft encoders, double bubblers, ultrasonic ranging sensors, resistance tapes, strain gage pressure transducers, or vibrating wire pressure transducers. Vibrating wire transducers require an AVW1, AVW4, AVW100, or AVW200-series Vibrating Wire Interface.
- **Well draw-down tests** use a pressure transducer measured at logarithmic intervals or at a rate based on incremental changes in water level.
- **Ionic conductivity measurements** use one of the switched excitation ports from the CR1000.
- **Samplers** are controlled by the CR1000 as a function of time, water quality, or water level.
- **Alarm and pump actuation** are controlled through digital I/O ports that operate external relay drivers.



*A turbidity sensor was installed in a tributary of the Cedar River watershed to monitor water quality conditions for the city of Seattle, Washington.*

## Vehicle Testing

This versatile, rugged datalogger is ideally suited for testing cold and hot temperature, high altitude, off-highway, and cross-country performance. The CR1000 is compatible with our SDM-CAN interface, GPS16-HVS receiver, and DSP4 Heads Up Display.



*Vehicle monitoring includes not only passenger cars, but locomotives, airplanes, helicopters, tractors, buses, heavy trucks, drilling rigs, race cars, and motorcycles.*

The CR1000 can measure:

- **Suspension**—strut pressure, spring force, travel, mounting point stress, deflection, ride
- **Fuel system**—line and tank pressure, flow, temperature, injection timing
- **Comfort control**—ambient and supply air temperature, solar radiation, fan speed, ac on and off, refrigerant pressures, time-to-comfort, blower current
- **Brakes**—line pressure, pedal pressure and travel, ABS, line and pad temperature
- **Engine**—pressure, temperature, crank position, RPM, time-to-start, oil pump cavitation
- **General vehicle**—chassis monitoring, road noise, vehicle position and speed, steering, air bag, hot/cold soaks, wind tunnels, traction, CANbus, wiper speed and current, vehicle electrical loads

## Other Applications

- Eddy covariance systems
- Wireless sensor/datalogger networks
- Mesonet systems
- Avalanche forecasting, snow science, polar, high altitude
- Fire weather
- Geotechnical
- Historic preservation



# CR1000 Specifications

Electrical specifications are valid over a -25° to +50°C range unless otherwise specified; non-condensing environment required. To maintain electrical specifications, Campbell Scientific recommends recalibrating dataloggers every two years. We recommend that the system configuration and critical specifications are confirmed with Campbell Scientific before purchase.

## PROGRAM EXECUTION RATE

10 ms to 30 min. @ 10 ms increments

## ANALOG INPUTS

8 differential (DF) or 16 single-ended (SE) individually configured. Channel expansion provided by AM16/32 and AM25T multiplexers.

RANGES and RESOLUTION: Basic resolution (Basic Res) is the A/D resolution of a single conversion. **Resolution of DF measurements with input reversal is half the Basic Res.**

Input Referred Noise Voltage		
Input Range (mV) <sup>1</sup>	DF Res (µV) <sup>2</sup>	Basic Res (µV)
±5000	667	1333
±2500	333	667
±250	33.3	66.7
±25	3.33	6.7
±7.5	1.0	2.0
±2.5	0.33	0.67

<sup>1</sup>Range overhead of ~9% exists on all ranges to guarantee that full-scale values will not cause over-range.

<sup>2</sup>Resolution of DF measurements with input reversal.

## ACCURACY<sup>3</sup>:

±(0.06% of reading + offset), 0° to 40°C  
±(0.12% of reading + offset), -25° to 50°C  
±(0.18% of reading + offset), -55° to 85°C

<sup>3</sup>The sensor and measurement noise are not included and the offsets are the following:

Offset for DF w/input reversal = 1.5-Basic Res + 1.0 µV  
Offset for DF w/o input reversal = 3-Basic Res + 2.0 µV  
Offset for SE = 3-Basic Res + 3.0 µV

INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE: For DF measurements with input reversal on ±2.5 mV input range; digital resolution dominates for higher ranges.

250 µs Integration: 0.34 µV RMS  
50/60 Hz Integration: 0.19 µV RMS

## MINIMUM TIME BETWEEN VOLTAGE

MEASUREMENTS: Includes the measurement time and conversion to engineering units. For voltage measurements, the CR1000 integrates the input signal for 0.25 ms or a full 16.66 ms or 20 ms line cycle for 50/60 Hz noise rejection. DF measurements with input reversal incorporate two integrations with reversed input polarities to reduce thermal offset and common mode errors and therefore take twice as long.

250 µs Analog Integration: ~1 ms SE  
1/60 Hz Analog Integration: ~20 ms SE  
1/50 Hz Analog Integration: ~25 ms SE

COMMON MODE RANGE: ±5 V

DC COMMON MODE REJECTION: >100 dB

NORMAL MODE REJECTION: 70 dB @ 60 Hz when using 60 Hz rejection

SUSTAINED INPUT VOLTAGE W/O DAMAGE: ±16 Vdc max.

INPUT CURRENT: ±1 nA typical, ±6 nA max. @ 50°C; ±90 nA @ 85°C

INPUT RESISTANCE: 20 Gohms typical

ACCURACY OF BUILT-IN REFERENCE JUNCTION

THERMISTOR (for thermocouple measurements): ±0.3°C, -25° to 50°C  
±0.8°C, -55° to 85°C (-XT only)

## ANALOG OUTPUTS

3 switched voltage, active only during measurement, one at a time.

RANGE AND RESOLUTION: Voltage outputs programmable between ±2.5 V with 0.67 mV resolution.

ACCURACY: ±(0.06% of setting + 0.8 mV), 0° to 40°C  
±(0.12% of setting + 0.8 mV), -25° to 50°C  
±(0.18% of setting + 0.8 mV), -55° to 85°C (-XT only)

CURRENT SOURCING/SINKING: ±25 mA

## RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

MEASUREMENT TYPES: The CR1000 provides ratiometric measurements of 4- and 6-wire full bridges, and 2-, 3-, and 4-wire half bridges. Precise, dual polarity excitation using any of the 3 switched voltage excitations eliminates dc errors.

RATIO ACCURACY<sup>3</sup>: Assuming excitation voltage of at least 1000 mV, not including bridge resistor error.

±(0.04% of voltage reading + offset)/V<sub>x</sub>

<sup>3</sup>The sensor and measurement noise are not included and the offsets are the following:

Offset for DF w/input reversal = 1.5-Basic Res + 1.0 µV  
Offset for DF w/o input reversal = 3-Basic Res + 2.0 µV  
Offset for SE = 3-Basic Res + 3.0 µV

Offset values are reduced by a factor of 2 when excitation reversal is used.

## PERIOD AVERAGING MEASUREMENTS

The average period for a single cycle is determined by measuring the average duration of a specified number of cycles. The period resolution is 192 ns divided by the specified number of cycles to be measured; the period accuracy is ±(0.01% of reading + resolution). Any of the 16 SE analog inputs can be used for period averaging. Signal limiting are typically required for the SE analog channel.

INPUT FREQUENCY RANGE:

Input Range	Signal (peak to peak) <sup>4</sup>	Min. Pulse W.	Max <sup>5</sup> Freq.
±2500 mV	500 mV	10 V	2.5 µs
±250 mV	10 mV	2 V	10 µs
±25 mV	5 mV	2 V	62 µs
±2.5 mV	2 mV	2 V	100 µs

<sup>4</sup>The signal is centered at the datalogger ground.

<sup>5</sup>The maximum frequency = 1/(Twice Minimum Pulse Width) for 50% of duty cycle signals.

## PULSE COUNTERS

Two 24-bit inputs selectable for switch closure, high-frequency pulse, or low-level AC.

MAXIMUM COUNTS PER SCAN: 16.7x10<sup>6</sup>

SWITCH CLOSURE MODE:

Minimum Switch Closed Time: 5 ms  
Minimum Switch Open Time: 6 ms  
Max. Bounce Time: 1 ms open w/o being counted

HIGH-FREQUENCY PULSE MODE:

Maximum Input Frequency: 250 kHz  
Maximum Input Voltage: ±20 V  
Voltage Thresholds: Count upon transition from below 0.9 V to above 2.2 V after input filter with 1.2 µs time constant.

LOW-LEVEL AC MODE: Internal AC coupling removes AC offsets up to ±0.5 V.

Input Hysteresis: 16 mV @ 1 Hz  
Maximum ac Input Voltage: ±20 V  
Minimum ac Input Voltage:

Sine wave (mV RMS)	Range (Hz)
20	1.0 to 20
200	0.5 to 200
2000	0.3 to 10,000
5000	0.3 to 20,000

## DIGITAL I/O PORTS

8 ports software selectable, as binary inputs or control outputs. C1-C8 also provide edge timing, subroutine interrupts/wake up, switch closure pulse counting, high frequency pulse counting, asynchronous communications (UART), SDI-12 communications, and SDM communications.

HIGH-FREQUENCY PULSE MAX: 400 kHz

SWITCH CLOSURE FREQUENCY MAX: 150 Hz

OUTPUT VOLTAGES (no load): high 5.0 V ±0.1 V; low <0.1

OUTPUT RESISTANCE: 330 ohms

INPUT STATE: high 3.8 to 5.3 V; low -0.3 to 1.2 V

INPUT HYSTERESIS: 1.4 V

INPUT RESISTANCE: 100 kohms

## SWITCHED 12 V

One independent 12 V unregulated sources switched on and off under program control. Thermal fuse hold current = 900 mA @ 20°C, 650 mA @ 50°C, 360 mA @ 85°C.

## SDI-12 INTERFACE SUPPORT

Control ports 1, 3, 5, and 7 may be configured for SDI-12 asynchronous communications. Up to ten SDI-12 sensors are supported per port. It meets SDI-12 Standard version 1.3 for datalogger mode.

## CE COMPLIANCE

STANDARD(S) TO WHICH CONFORMITY IS DECLARED: IEC61326:2002

## CPU AND INTERFACE

PROCESSOR: Renesas H8S 2322 (16-bit CPU with 32-bit internal core)

MEMORY: 2 Mbytes of Flash for operating system; 4 Mbytes of battery-backed SRAM for CPU usage, program storage and data storage.

SERIAL INTERFACES: CS I/O port is used to interface with Campbell Scientific peripherals; RS-232 port is for computer or non-CSI modem connection.

PARALLEL INTERFACE: 40-pin interface for attaching data storage or communication peripherals such as the CFM100 module

BAUD RATES: Selectable from 300 bps to 115.2 kbps. ASCII protocol is one start bit, one stop bit, eight data bits, and no parity.

CLOCK ACCURACY: ±3 min. per year

## SYSTEM POWER REQUIREMENTS

VOLTAGE: 9.6 to 16 Vdc (reverse polarity protected)

TYPICAL CURRENT DRAIN:

Sleep Mode: ~0.6 mA  
1 Hz Scan (8 diff. meas., 60 Hz rej., 2 pulse meas.) w/RS-232 communication: 19 mA  
w/o RS-232 communication: 4.2 mA  
1 Hz Scan (8 diff. meas., 250 µs integ., 2 pulse meas.) w/RS-232 communication: 16.7 mA  
w/o RS-232 communication: 1 mA  
100 Hz Scan (4 diff. meas., 250 µs integ.) w/RS-232 communication: 27.6 mA  
w/o RS-232 communication: 16.2 mA

CR1000KD CURRENT DRAIN:

Inactive: negligible  
Active w/o backlight: 7 mA  
Active w/backlight: 100 mA

EXTERNAL BATTERIES: 12 Vdc nominal

## PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

MEASUREMENT & CONTROL MODULE SIZE: 8.5" x 3.9" x 0.85" (21.6 x 9.9 x 2.2 cm)

CR1000WP WIRING PANEL SIZE: 9.4" x 4" x 2.4" (23.9 x 10.2 x 6.1 cm); additional clearance required for serial cable and sensor leads.

WEIGHT: 2.1 lbs (1 kg)

## WARRANTY

Three years against defects in materials and workmanship.

